

Fish Passage Research on the Cape Fear River

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CONSERVATION**

UNCW
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Acknowledgements

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Julie DeMeester



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Ashley Hatchell, Wilmington District
Dave Smith, ERDC
Dana Matics, Piedmont Branch
Joe Shope, lockmaster
Buddy Ray, lockmaster
Dave Smith, ERDC



Dennis DeVries
Rusty Wright
Henry Hershey

Heather Evans
Kyle Rachels
April Boggs
Jeremy McCargo



Chris Stewart
Joe Facendola

Fritz Rhode



Dawn York
Frank Yelverton



Cape Fear River

- Several diadromous fish species
 - ❑ Striped bass
 - ❑ American shad
 - ❑ River herring (bluebacks/alewife)
 - ❑ Atlantic/shortnose sturgeon
 - ❑ American eel
- Historical spawning grounds near the fall line (Smiley Falls)
 - ❑ 200+ km upriver
- Three lock and dam structures constructed between 1915-1934
 - ❑ All downriver of historic spawning area
 - ❑ Some passage through locking
 - ❑ LD1 modified in 2012 and again in 2021

Before Modifications: 2013



After Modifications: 2021



Fish Passage on the Cape Fear River, NC

Use of both fine-scale and broad-scale acoustic telemetry to study:

- Migration timing
- Movement behavior
- Passage efficiency at the rock arch rapids at Lock & Dam 1
- Potential to enhance fish passage using environmental flows

Collaborative effort:

- Clemson University
- UNCW
- USACE
- Nature Conservancy



ARTICLE

Evaluation of Fish Passage at a Nature-Like Rock Ramp Fishway on a Large Coastal River

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Original fishway design did not meet predetermined success criteria (80% passage efficiency)

- American Shad 53-65%
- Striped Bass 19-25%

Cape Fear River Watch led efforts to modify the fishway to improve fish passage

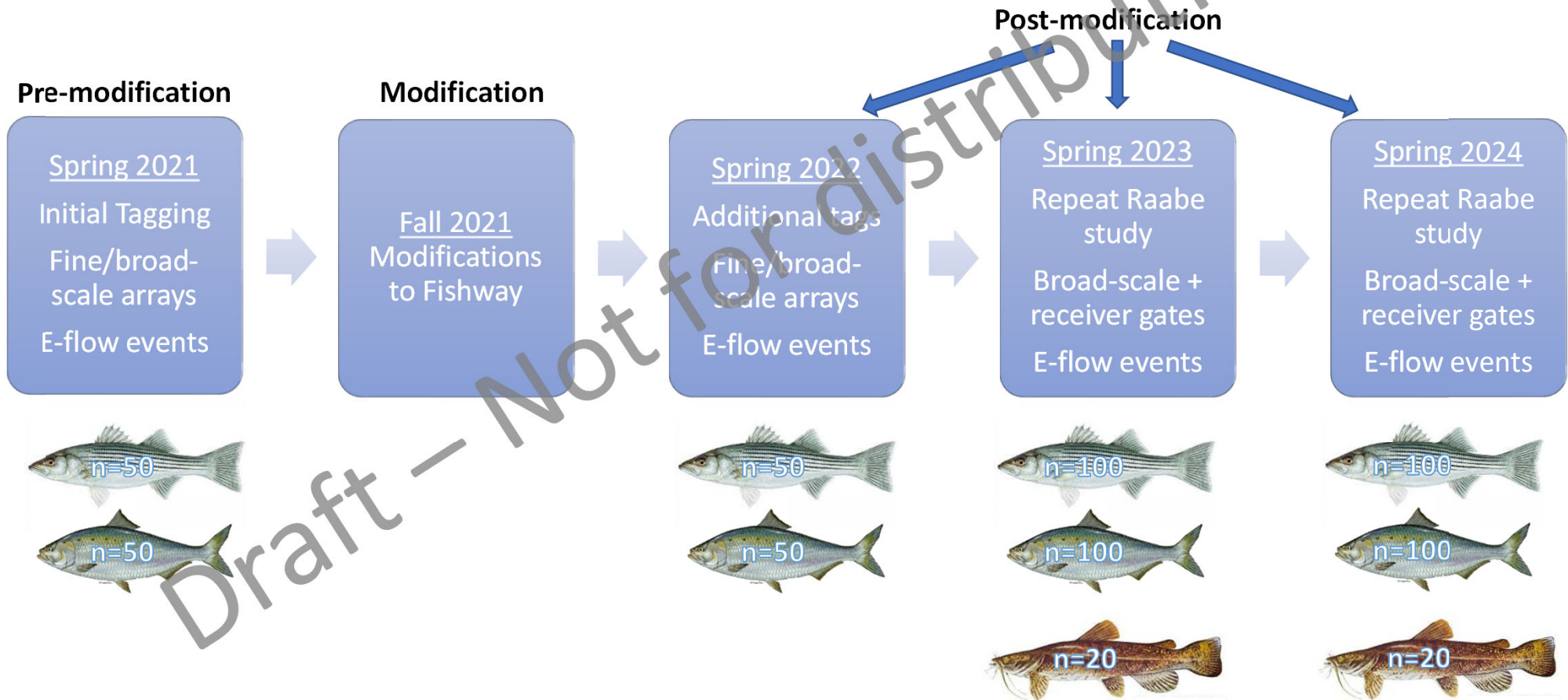
- Modifications completed in summer/fall 2021

Current Study:

Replicate the previous study to evaluate the effectiveness of the modifications

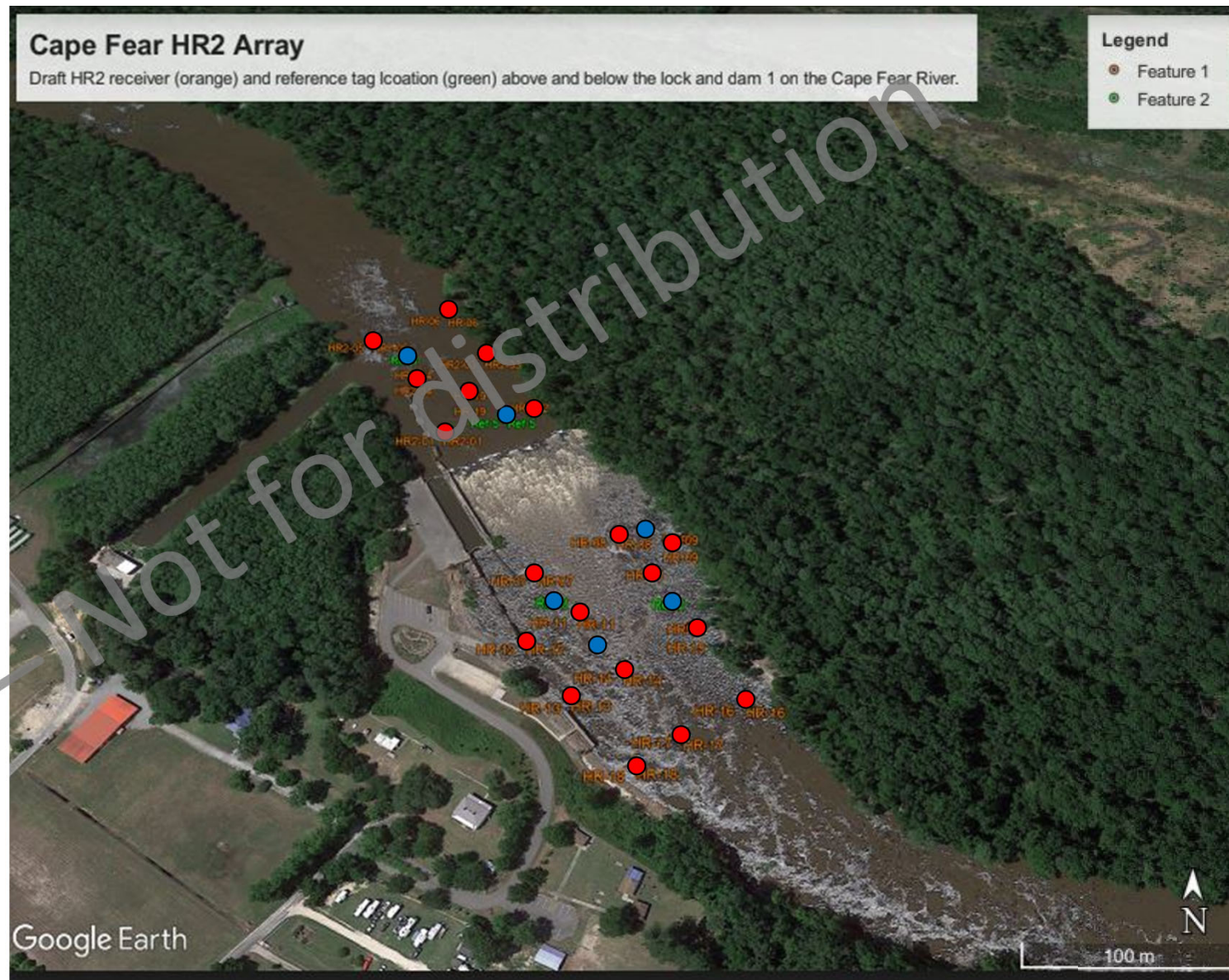
Evaluate e-flow effects on fish passage at LD1, LD2, LD3

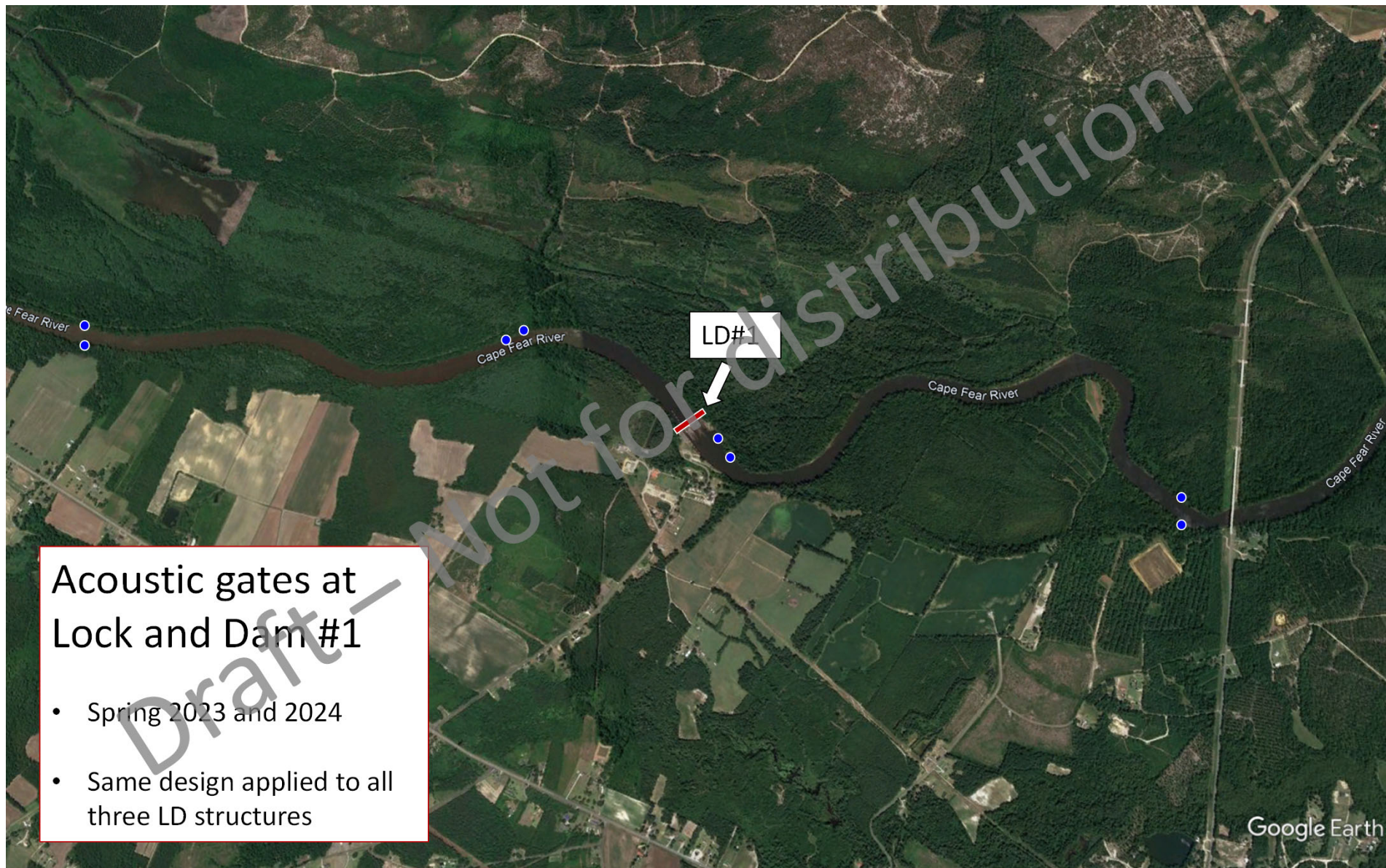
General study Timeline



Fine-scale acoustic receiver array at Lock and Dam #1

- In place for spring 2021 and spring 2022
- Fine-scale movement behavior below/above the fishway

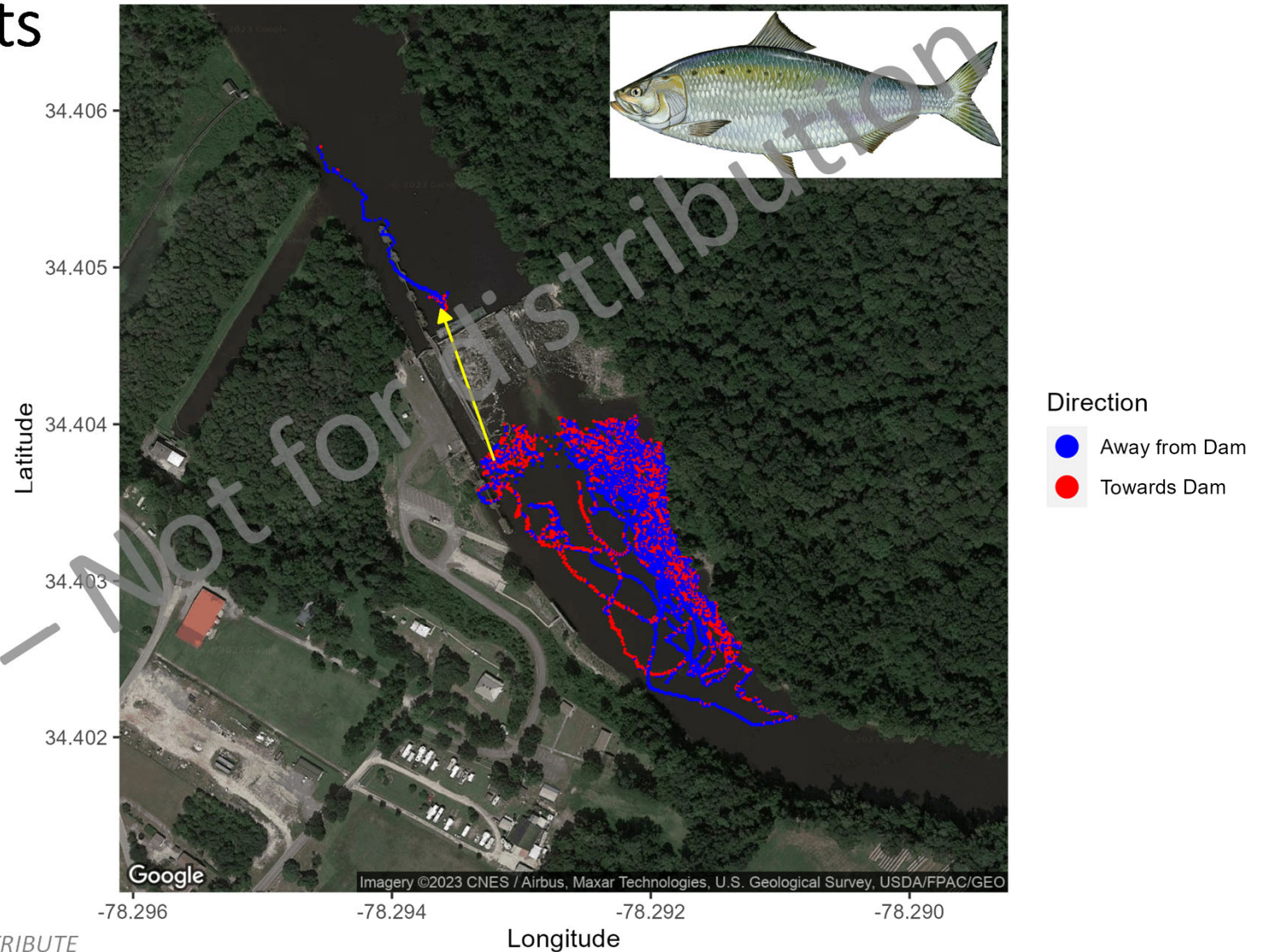




Fine-Scale Results

American Shad

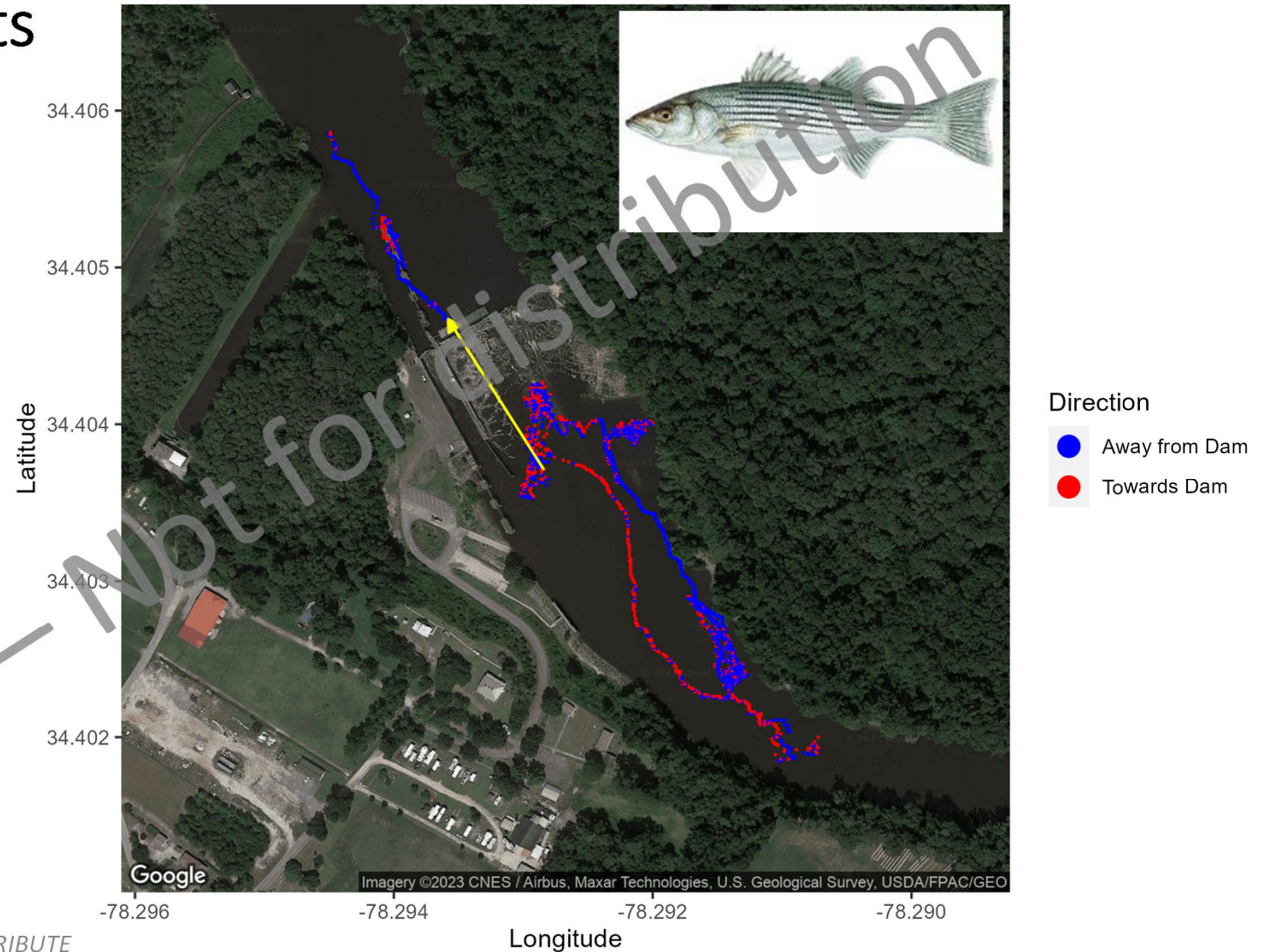
- Tagged below LD1
 - March 20, 2021
- Total length = 473 mm (18.5")
- Passed LD1
 - April 12, 2021
 - Discharge = 6,200 cfs



Fine-Scale Results

Striped Bass

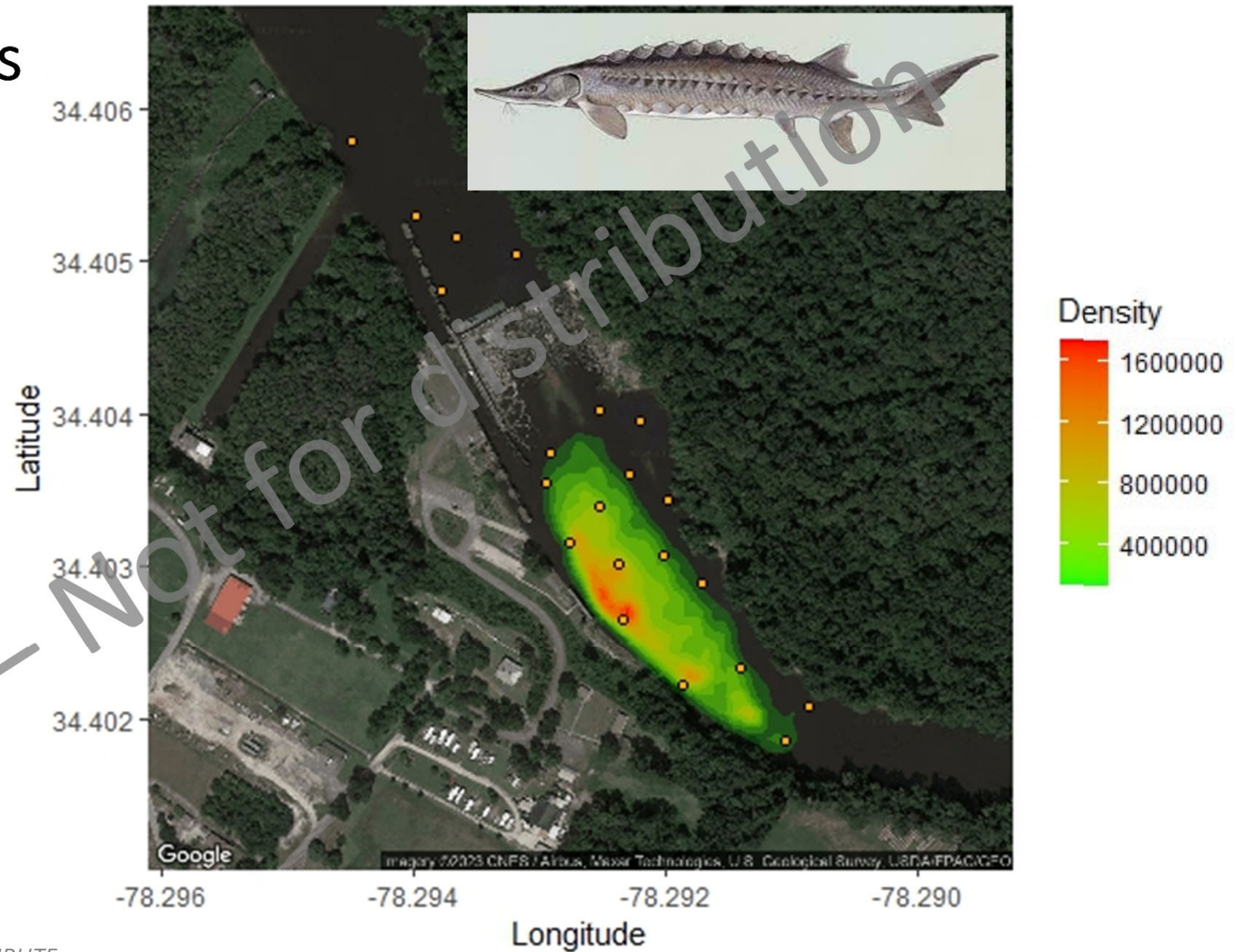
- Tagged below LD1
 - March 13, 2022
- Total length = 505 mm (20")
- Passed LD1
 - May 21, 2022
 - Discharge = 1,360 cfs



Fine-Scale Results

Atlantic Sturgeon Kernel Density Plot Spring 2022

- No tagged ATS passed LD1
- Extensive movement below LD1 during April 2022
 - Spawning?
- Nine (9) tagged ATS spent time in lower array
- ATS present from April - May



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Broad-Scale Passage Results American Shad



Total Tagged (Location)	Year	LD1		Raw Eff (%)	
		Available	Passed		
50 (LD1)	2013	30	16	53%	Raabe et al. 2019 Original fishway
50 (LD1)	2014	23	15	65%	
25 (LD1)	2015	10	6	60%	
41 (LD1)	2021	15	7	47%	Current study Original fishway
60 (LD1), 32 (LD2)	2022	49	27	55%	Current study Modified fishway
50(LD1), 25 (LD2), 24 (LD3)	2023	39	28	72%	

Mean American Shad passage efficiency
across years:

Original Fishway = **56.2%**

Modified Fishway = **63.5%**

Broad-Scale Passage Results American Shad



Total Tagged (Location)	Year	LD1			LD2			LD3		
		Available	Passed	Raw Eff (%)	Available	Passed	Raw Eff (%)	Available	Passed	Raw Eff (%)
50 (LD1)	2013	30	16	53%	14	5	36%	5	5	100%
50 (LD1)	2014	23	15	65%	14	8	57%	6	5	83%
25 (LD1)	2015	10	6	60%	6	4	67%	NA	NA	NA
41 (LD1)	2021	15	7	47%	3	1	33%	1	0	0%
60 (LD1), 32 (LD2)	2022	49	27	55%	40	13	33%	13	2	15%
50(LD1), 25 (LD2), 24 (LD3)	2023	39	28	72%	46	29	63%	45	23	51%

Raabe et al. 2019
Locking 2-3x daily

92%

22%

Current study
Limited (2021) or
No locking (2022-2023)

Broad-Scale Fish Passage Striped Bass



Total Tagged (location)	Year	LD1		Raw Eff (%)	
		Available	Passed		
118 (LD1)	2013	42	8	19%	Raabe et al. 2019 Original fishway
35 (LD1)	2014	79	17	22%	
50 (LD1)	2015	53	13	25%	
37 (LD1)	2021	9	2	22%	Current study Original fishway
40 (LD1)	2022	50	18	36%	Current study Modified fishway
75 (LD1), 25 (LD2)	2023	72	24	33%	

Mean Striped Bass Passage
across years:

Original Fishway = **22.0%**

Modified Fishway = **34.2%**

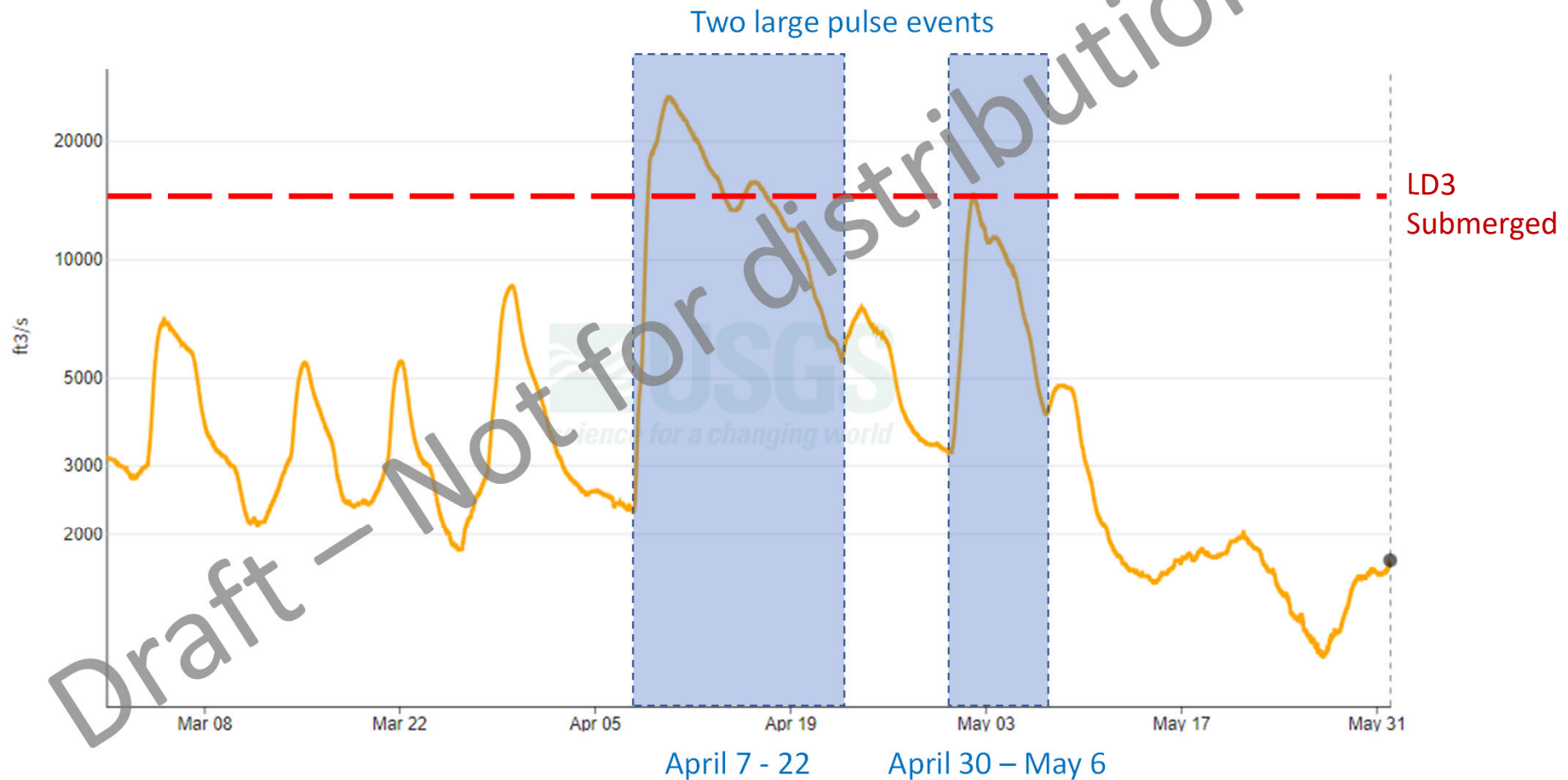
Broad-Scale Fish Passage Striped Bass



Total Tagged (location)	Year	LD1			LD2			LD3			
		Available	Passed	Raw Eff (%)	Available	Passed	Raw Eff (%)	Available	Passed	Raw Eff (%)	
118 (LD1)	2013	42	8	19%	9	7	78%	7	7	100%	Raabe et al. 2019 Locking 2-3x daily 77%
35 (LD1)	2014	79	17	22%	18	16	89%	15	8	53%	
50 (LD1)	2015	53	13	25%	9	7	78%	NA	NA	NA	
37 (LD1)	2021	9	2	22%	2	1	50%	1	0	0%	48% 15%
40 (LD1)	2022	50	18	36%	17	8	47%	8	0	0%	
75 (LD1), 25 (LD2)	2023	72	24	33%	38	18	47%	18	8	44%	

Current study
Limited (2021) or
No locking (2022-2023)

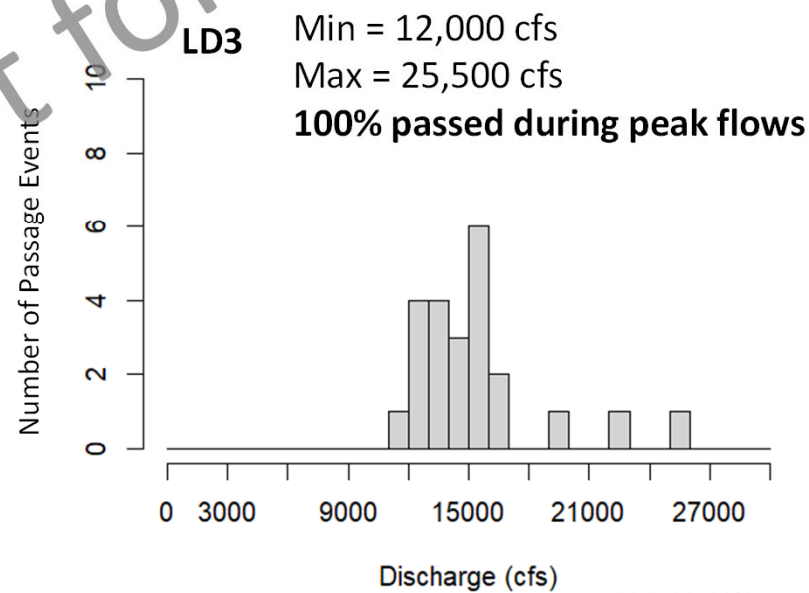
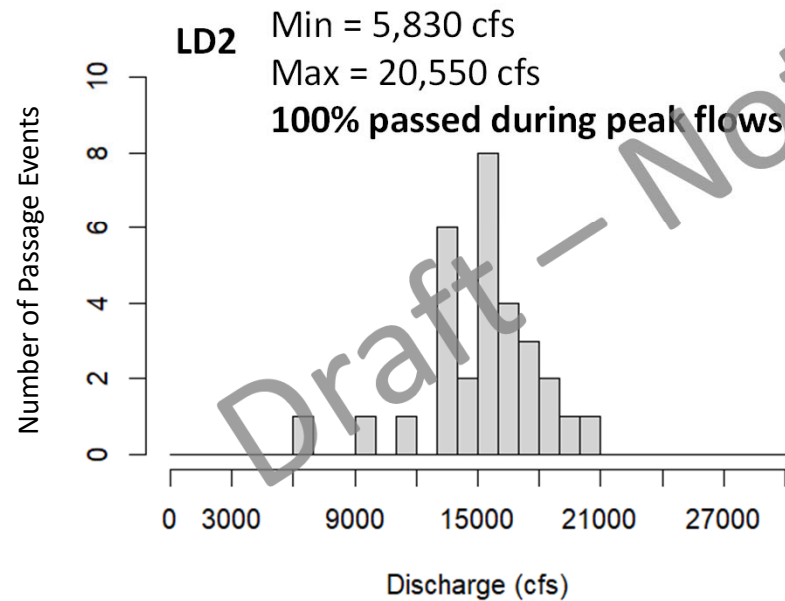
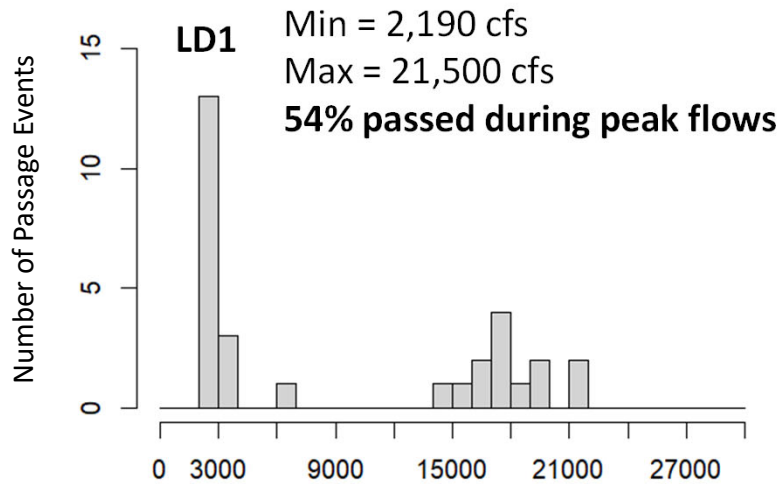
Flow Effects on Fish Passage, 2023



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Flow Effects on Fish Passage, 2023

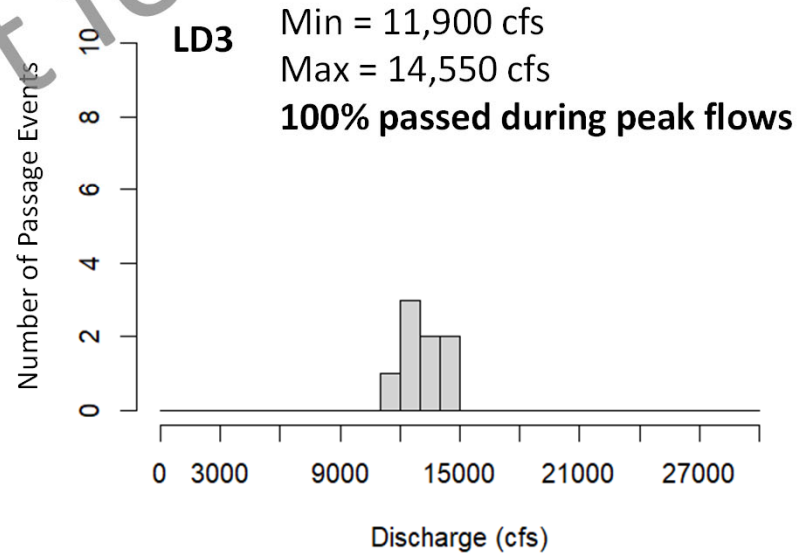
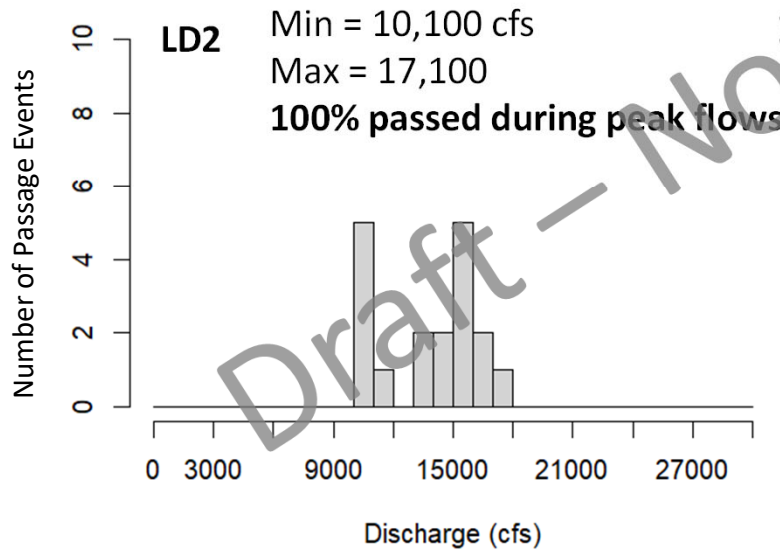
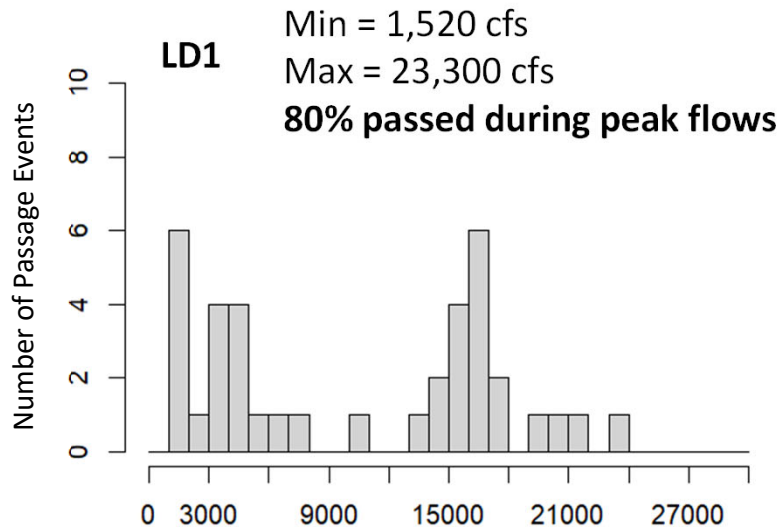
American Shad



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Flow Effects on Fish Passage, 2023

Striped Bass



Take Home Messages

Preliminary results: modest improvements in American Shad and Striped Bass passage efficiency at LD1 following modification of the fishway

- LD1 fishway still well below 80% target
- American Shad 64% passage efficiency during 2022-2023
- Striped Bass 34% passage efficiency during 2022-2023

E-flow pulse events supported 100% of passage events at LD2, LD3 during 2022-2023

- Repaired locks at LD2, LD3 allow potential for conservation lockage to resume in 2024

Fine-scale movement study providing value insight into fish movement/behaviors

- Pre- and post-modification to LD1 fishway
- Flow effects on fish movement & passage

Acknowledgements

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