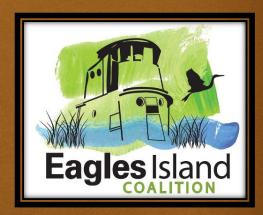
#### Erosion of Aquatic Habitat in the LCF Estuary: Are There Important Consequences for Fisheries Productivity?

03

James McDaid Kapetsky, Ph.D. Associate Member, Eagles Island Coalition

Cape Fear River Partnership Habitat Meeting Raleigh, NC November 8, 2018

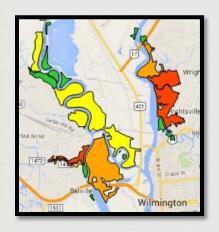


#### Aquatic Habitat Goals of the Eagles Island Coalition

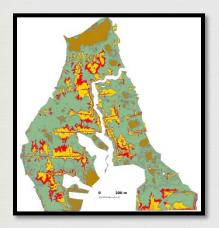




- **Conservation Management Plan (2015)** 
  - Goals (GIS explicit)
    - Identify and map the <u>highest priority habitats</u>, <u>species</u>, and cultural resources in need of conservation attention on Eagles Island
- **Conservation of Natural Resources (Habitats and Biota)** 
  - Tidal Freshwater Marsh Habitat
  - Rimary Nursery Areas
  - Fisheries--key anadromous and endangered species mentioned
- **Mabitat Erosion** 
  - Apparent on former rice fields on Eagles Is. and former rice growing areas elsewhere in the LCFE
  - Perceived as a potential threat to aquatic habitats



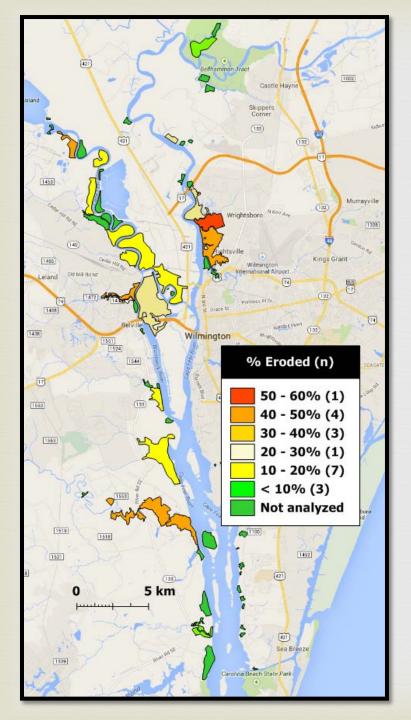






## Analytic Tasks & Data

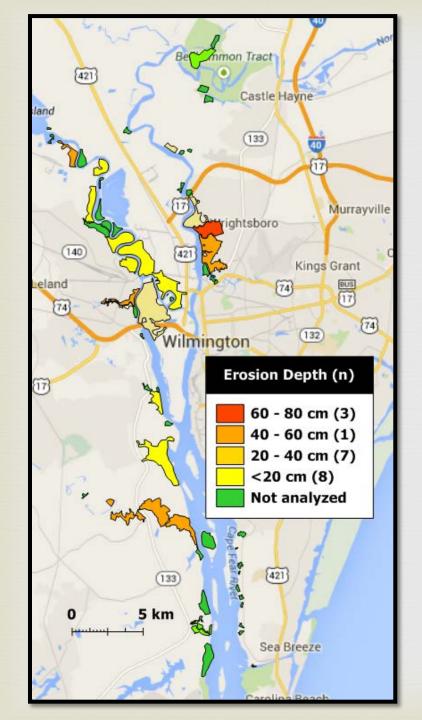
- - 2014 LiDAR & GE Historical Views
- - 2014 LiDAR (20 cm contour intervals)
- Ralance between erosion and accretion
  - 2001 & 2014 LiDAR (contouring, overlay)
- - Aerial photos, GE, 2001 & 2014 LiDAR



#### Inventory of Eroded Habitats

- canals = 2,772 ha at 63 locations

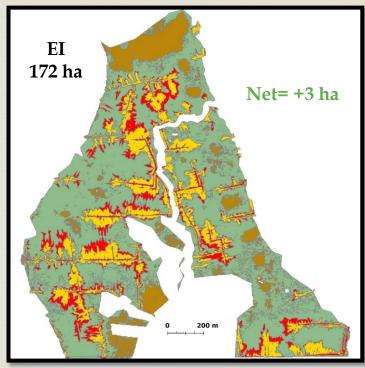
- Representation of the Eroded area:
  - Cations
     Cation
     Cation
  - ™ But ranges up to 60%



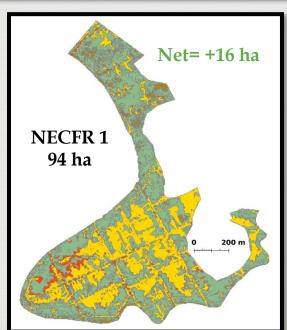
#### Depth of Erosion Among Habitats

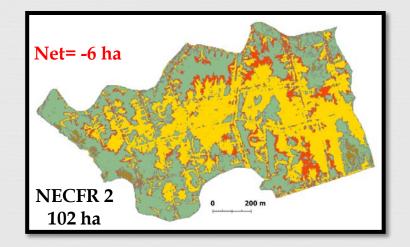
- Depth of erosion (19 locations)

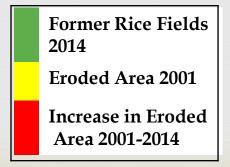
  - **≈** 20 40 cm 37%
  - Ranges up to 60 80 cm
- - Relatively slow development at most locations
  - Are the most eroded locations good predictors of future erosion at lesser eroded locations?



# What was the balance between erosion & accretion from 2001 to 2014?







#### **Ponding on Eagles Island**



Google Earth 3/18/2007

# For how long has habitat erosion been taking place and at what rate has it been progressing?

Erosion Rates (ha/y)		
Location	Historical 1949 to 2001	Recent 2001 to 2014
EI	0.7	1.6
NECFR 1	1.1	0.4
NECFR 2	1.1	1.0

#### Salient Points



- Marsh erosion can be traced back to the 1940's
- At most locations eroded area and depth of erosion are at the lower end of their ranges, but ranges are broad
- Deepening of erosion causing a permanent die off of vegetation could become a threat to aquatic productivity
- The balance between erosion and accretion is highly variable among locations
- Marked spatial variably among key metrics of erosion indicates the need to broaden the scope of the research to account for the variation

#### Use and Integration

#### CB

- Key questions raised by the results so far
  - Will continued erosion of aquatic habitats significantly affect fisheries productivity?
  - Will deepening erosion cause a vegetation die off to the detriment of aquatic productivity?
- Methodologies
  - Methods have been developed to determine locations and areas of erosion and accretion along with indicative rates
- Integration
  - ☑ Data used are freely downloadable
  - Analytics are basic GIS so easily adopted by others
  - Results are exportable
- **Research** Future research
  - Continue monitoring of erosion with special attention to possible vegetation die offs
  - Integrate the research into a CFRP project of broader scope
  - Better address the key questions by including specialists in marsh soils and marsh vegetation dynamics

"...And in that Heaven of all their wish, There shall be no more land, say fish."

From Heaven by Rupert Brooke (1915)

"Fish, be careful of what you wish for!"

From Jim Kapetsky (2018)

### Thank you!